TED (21) 1003		Reg.No
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DIPLOMA EXAMINATION IN ENGINEERING/TECHNOLOGY/MANAGEMENT/ COMMERCIAL PRACTICE, NOVEMBER - 2022

APPLIED PHYSICS - I

[Maximum marks: 75] (Time: 3 Hours)

PART A

I.Answer all questions in one word or one sentence. Each question carries one mark

 $(9 \times 1 = 9 \text{ Marks})$

		Module outcome	Cognitive level
1	Candela is the unit of	M1.01	R
2	is the resistance of a body to any change in its state of rest or	M1.04	R
	uniform motion along a straight line.		
3	The analogous physical quantity of force in circular motion is	M2.01	R
4	Define angular velocity.	M2.01	R
5	Write one example of work done by gravitational force.	M3.01	U
6	The slowest mode of heat transfer is	M3.04	U
7	Pick out odd one from the following:	M4.02	U
	Surface tension, Capillarity, Viscosity, Rigid body.	M4.03	
8	What is elastic limit?	M4.01	R
9	The viscous force $F = 6\pi \dots r$ v	M4.03	R

PART B

II. Answer any eight questions from the following. Each question carries three marks.

 $(8 \times 3 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

		Module outcome	Cognitive level
1	Some quantities are obtained from fundamental quantities.	M1.01	U
	(a)Name these quantities		
	(b) By what name the units of these quantities are known?		
	(c) Name a quantity of this kind and its unit.		
2	Write a brief note on the banking of railway track.	M2.01	R
3	Two substances A and B supplied with same amount of heat for the	M3.04	U
	same time. The temperature of B shows more than that of A.		
	Which substance have greater specific heat? Give reason.		
4	Correct the following statements	M3.04	U
	(a) Pyrometer is a contact thermometer		
	(b) Mercury thermometer is a gas thermometer		
	(c) Degree celcius temperature can be converted to Kelvin scale		
	by subtracting 273		

5	Briefly explain two practical application of thermal conductivity.		uctivity.	M3.04	U	
6	Briefly explain potential energy? Give an example.			M3.02	R	
7	Discuss two methods to reduce friction.			M3.01	U	
8	Match the following					
	C	olumn A	Column B			
	Volume	per unit time	No unit			
	Stress		N/m		M4.01,	
	Strain		Nsm ⁻²		M4.02,	IJ
	Surface to	ension	1 x 10 ⁵ pa		M4.03,	O
	Viscosity	,	Av		M4.04	
	1 Atmosp	heric pressure	N/m ²			
			N-m/s			
			Kg-m ²			
9	Give molecular theory of surface tension			M4.02	R	
10	Write equation of cont	inuity			M4.04	R

PART C Answer all questions. Each question carries seven marks

 $(6 \times 7 = 42 \text{ Marks})$

		Module outcome	Cognitive level
III	In Physics laboratory, a student measures mass of a body. He	M1.02	A
	repeat the experiment and the mass the body is obtained as 45.5		
	gm. 45.1 gm, 46 gm and 45.8 gm. Find the percentage of error in		
	his experiment.		
	OR		
IV	Explain the principle of rocket propulsion and recoil of gun	M1.04	U
V	(a)Make a comparative study of linear and analogous angular physical quantities you studied.	M2.01	U
	(b)Deduce the relationship between linear acceleration and angular		
	acceleration.		
	OR		
VI	(a)Briefly explain the term 'moment of inertia'.	M2.02	R
	(b)State and explain the theorems of moment of inertia		
VII	(a)What is the meaning errors in measurement?		
	(b)Discuss about the possible errors in measurements	M1.02	U
	OR	1,111.02	C
VIII	Determine the angular acceleration of a wheel that starts from rest		
V 111	and attains a speed of 300 rotation per minute in 60 s	M2.01	A
IX	An engine develops 20kW of power. How much time will it take to	M3.03	A
	lift a mass of 100 kg to height of 50 m.		
	OR		

X	Discuss different modes of heat transfer	M3.04	U
XI	(a) Explain the property elasticity with examples (b) Explain young's modulus of elasticity OR	M4.01	R
XII	(a)Differentiate between streamline flow and turbulent flow (b) What do you mean by equation of continuity in fluid dynamics?	M4.04	U
XIII	Convert the temperature zero degree Fahrenheit into (i) Degree celcius and (ii) Kelvin scale	M3.04	A
XIV	OR Explain the applications of Bernoulli's theorem.	M4.04	R
