REVISION2021

TED(21)-

THIRDSEMESTERDIPLOMAEXAMINATIONINENGINEERINGANDT ECHNOLOGY (CommontoBM/EC/EL)

DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

MODELQUESTIONPAPER-SET1

Time:3hours

MaximumMarks:75

PARTA

I. Answerallquestionsinonewordoronesentence. Eachquestion carries one mark.

(9x1=9Marks)

1	Decimal value of 10101 is	M1.01	U
2	Write the 1's complement of 1101	M1.01	U
3	Write the name of a universal logic gate and show its symbol	M1.03	R
4	Name the logic family with least power dissipation	M2.02	U
5	Number of control signals required for a 8 x 1 multiplexer is	M2.04	U
6	Name the type of logic circuit in which the output depends up on only the present input	M3.01	U
7	shift register has one input line and one output line	M3.03	U
8	Incounter output is free from the clock signal.	M4.01	U
9	Name the type of memory typically used to store working data in a computer	M4.04	R

PARTB

II. Answeranyeightquestionsfromthefollowing.Eachquestioncarries3marks

(8x3=24Marks)

1	Add the following numbers	M1.01	U
	a) 35 + 19 b) 22.25 + 14.75		
2	State the importance of universal gates. Give examples and show the conversion of NAND gate to NOT gate	M1.03	U
3	Reduce the expression $Y = \sum m(0,2,3,4,5,6)$ using K map	M1.04	А
4	Write any three features of CMOS logic family	M2.02	U

5	Suggest a combinational logic circuit to select one data line at a time from two input data lines. Show the functional diagram and logic diagram	M2.04	А
6	Write the need for parallel adder. Draw the logic diagram of a 4 bit binary parallel adder	M2.04	U
7	Draw the logic symbol and truth table of a) D flip flop b) T flip flop. Mention their applications.	M3.02	U
8	Draw the logic diagram of 4 bit Johnson counter	M3.04	U
9	Write three differences between asynchronous counter and synchronous counter	M4.01	U
10	Write a brief note on different types of RAM	M4.04	U

PARTC Answer all questions. Each question carries seven marks

(6x7=42Marks)

III	Perform the following operations	M1.01	U
	(i)Convert (125) ₁₀ to hexadecimal (ii) 46 -14 using 8 bit 2's		
	complement method (iii) Convert (4BAC) ₁₆ to binary		
	OR		U
IV	Minimize the following expression using K map	M1.04	
	$F(A,B,C,D) = \sum m(1,4,7,10,13) + \sum d(5,14,15)$		
		M2.04	U
V	Beginning from the conversion table and with the help of K map		
	design a 4 bit Binary to Gray code converter.		
	OR		
VI	Mention the applications of Multiplexers and De multiplexers. With		
	the help of logic diagram and truth table explain a 1 line to 4 line de	M2.04	U
	multiplexer.		
VII	With the help of conversion table and K map show the	M3.02	А
	conversion of JK flip flop to i) T flip flop and ii) D flip flop		
	OR		
VIII	With necessary diagrams explain Johnson counter.		
		M3.04	U
		262.04	
IX	Write the difference between combinational and sequential logic	M3.01	U
	circuits.		
	OD		
	UK		
v	With diagram explain the working of Parallel in Seriel out Shift	M3 03	II
Λ	register	WI3.03	U
XI	With the logic diagram and timing diagram briefly explain a three	M4 02	U
	bitripple down counter		č

	OR		
XII	Write short notes on different types of Read Only Memories	M4.04	U
XIII	Design and implement a mode 10 asynchronous counter using T flip flops.	M4.02	A
XIV	OR Design and implement a 3 bit synchronous up counter.	M4.03	А

REVISION2021

THIRDSEMESTERDIPLOMAEXAMINATIONINENGINEERINGANDT ECHNOLOGY (CommontoBM/EC/EL)

DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

MODELQUESTIONPAPER-SET2

Time:3hours

MaximumMarks:75

PARTA

III. Answerallquestionsinonewordoronesentence. Eachquestioncarriesonemark.

(9x1=9Marks)

1	Binary equivalent of Hexadecimal 10 is	M1.01	U
2	Write the 2's complement of 1011	M1.01	U
3	Write the name of logic gate whose output becomes high when anyone of its input becomes high	M1.03	R
4	Name the fastest logic family	M2.02	U
5	Number of control signals for a 4 x 1 multiplexer is	M2.04	U
6	type of logic circuits require clock input	M3.01	U
7	Shift registers use type flip flops.	M3.03	U
8	Name the counter in which all the flip flops are triggered with same clock simultaneously	M4.01	U
9	Number of flip flops required for a mod 10 asynchronous counter is	M4.02	U

PARTB

IV. Answeranyeightquestionsfromthefollowing.Eachquestioncarries3marks

(8x3=24Marks)

1	Convert the following hexadecimal numbers to decimal	M1.01	U
	a) AB6 b) 124.56		
2	State De Morgan's theorems.	M1.04	U
3	Reduce the expression $Y = \overline{AB} + A\overline{B} + AB$ using K map	M1.03	А
4	Define a) Propagation delay b) Fan out	M2.02	U

TED(21)-

5	Write the features of ECL logic family	M2.02	U
6	Starting from the truth table design an adder circuit for two binary inputs	M2.04	А
7	Draw the logic symbol and truth table of a) SR flip flop b) JK flip flop .	M3.02	U
8	List the applications of shift register and draw the diagram of 4 bit serial in – serial out shift register .	M3.03	U
9	Differentiate between Asynchronous counter and synchronous counter	M4.01	U
10	Compare RAM and ROM	M4.04	U

PARTC

Answer all questions. Each question carries seven marks

(6x7=42Mark	s)
-------------	----

III	Implement AND, OR, NOT and XOR gates using NAND gates only	M1.03	R
	OP	M1 04	TT
IV	Write any 7 laws of Boolean Algebra	M11.04	U
1 V		M2.04	A
V	From the truth table design a full adder.		
	OR		
VI	From the function table write the expression for the output of a 4×1		
	multiplexer and draw the logic diagram.	M2.04	А
VII	Drawthe function diagram and truth table of IK_D_ and T flip	M3 02	II
VII	flops	113.02	U
	OR		
VIII	Explain any two types of shift registers with diagrams		
,	Explain any two types of sinit registers with diagrams.	M3.03	U
			-
IX	Explain the working of SR flip flop with the help of a diagram	M3.02	U
	using NAND gates.		
	OD		
	UK		
X	Briefly explain the working of a ring counter with the diagram and	M3.03	U
	truth table		
XI	With the logic diagram and timing diagram briefly explain a three	M4.02	А
	bit ripple up counter		

	OR		
XII	Write short notes on ROM, PROM, EPROM, EEPROM	M4.04	U
XIII	Design a mod 6 asynchronous counter using T flip flop.	M4.02	А
	OR		
XIV	Design a synchronous mod 8 down counter using JK flip flop.	M4.03	А